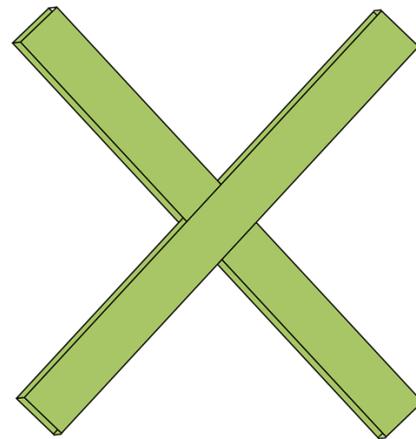
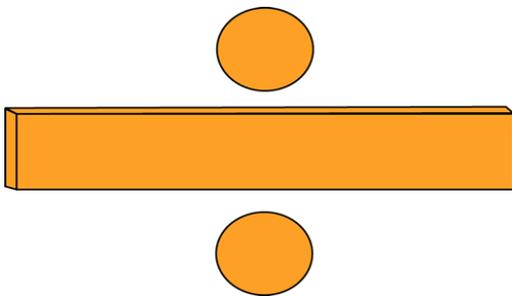


# The Number System

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

**I can approximate non rational numbers by rational numbers.**

- 8. NS. 1. a  I can show that every number has a decimal.
- 8. NS. 1. a  I can change every repeating decimal into a rational number.
- 8. NS. 1. a  I can show that the decimal expansion eventually repeats for rational numbers.
- 8. NS. 1. a  I can change a repeating decimal expansion into a rational number.
- 8. NS. 2. a  I can use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers, locate, and plot them approximately on a number line diagram, and then estimate the value of the expressions.
- 8. NS. 2. a  I can use estimate values to compare two or more irrational numbers.



# Expressions &

# Equations

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

**I can work with radicals and integer exponents.**

- 8. EE. 1. a □ I can use the properties of integer exponents to simplify expressions.
- 8. EE. 2. a □ I can use square and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form  $x^2=p$  and  $x^3=p$ , where  $p$  is a positive rational number.
- 8. EE. 2. a □ I can evaluate that the square root of 2 is irrational.
- 8. EE. 2. a □ I can write an estimation of a large quantity by expressing it as the product of a single-digit number and a positive power of ten.
- 8. EE. 3. a □ I can write an estimation of a very small quantity by expressing it as the product of a single-digit number and a negative power of ten.
- 8. EE. 3. a □ I can write an estimation of a very small quantity by expressing it as the product of a single-digit number and a negative power of ten.
- 8. EE. 3. a □ I can compare quantities written as the product of a single-digit number and a power of ten.
- 8. EE. 4. a □ I can solve operations ( $=$ ,  $-$ ,  $\times$ ,  $/$ ) with two numbers expressed in scientific notation, including problems that include both decimals and scientific notation.
- 8. EE. 4. a □ I can use scientific notation and choose units of appropriate size for very large or very small measurements.
- 8. EE. 5. a □ I can interpret scientific notation that has been generated by technology.



# Expressions †

## Equations (cont.)

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

**I can understand the connections between**

**proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.**

8. EE. 5. b □ I can graph proportional relationships, interpreting the unit rate as the slope of the graph.

8. EE. 5. b □ I can use a table, an equation, or graph to decide the unit rate of a proportional relationship.

8. EE. 5. b □ I can use the unit rate of a graphed proportional unit rate to compare different proportional relationships.

8. EE. 6. b □ I can use similar triangles to explain why the slope  $m$  is the same between two points on a non-vertical line in a coordinate plane.

8. EE. 6. b □ I can explain that an equation in the form of  $y=mx$  will represent the graph of a proportional relationship with the slope of  $m$  and the  $y$  intercept of 0.

8. EE. 6. b □ I can explain that an equation in the form of  $y=mx+b$  represents the graph of a linear relationship with a slope of  $m$  and a  $y$  intercept of  $b$ .

**I can analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of**

**simultaneous linear equations.**

8. EE. 8. c □ I can solve linear equations in one variable.

8. EE. a. 8. c □ I can simplify a linear equation by using the distributive property and combining like terms.

8. EE. a. 8. c □ I can give examples of linear equations with one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solutions.

8. EE. c. 8. b □ I can solve linear equations with rational number coefficients, including equations when solutions require expanding expressions using the distributive property and combining like terms.

8. EE. c. 8. b □ I can analyze and solve pairs of simultaneous linear equations.

8. EE. c. 8. b □ I can solve simple cases of systems of two linear equations in two variables by inspection.

8. EE. c. 8. c □ I can solve real-world and mathematical problems leading to two linear equations in two variables.

# Functions

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

**I can define, evaluate, and compare functions.**

8.F.1.a □ I can define a function as a rule, where for each input there is exactly one output.

8.F.1.a □ I can show the relationship between inputs and outputs of a function by graphing them as ordered pairs on a coordinate grid.

8.F.2.a □ I can determine the properties of function given the inputs and outputs in a table.

8.F.2.a □ I can compare the properties of two functions that are represented differently (as equations, tables, graphs, or given verbally).

8.F.3.a □ I can explain why the equation  $y=mx+b$  represents a linear function and then find the slope and y intercept in relation to the function.

8.F.3.a □ I can give examples of relationships and create a table of values that can be defined as a non-linear function.

**I can use functions to model relationships between quantities.**

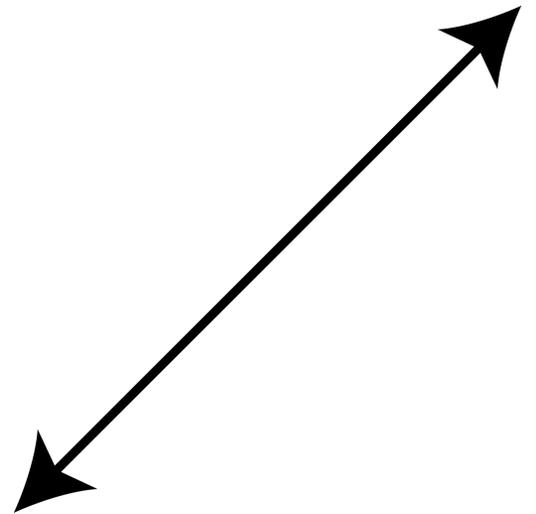
8.F.4.b □ I can create a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities.

8.F.4.b □ I can determine the rate of change and initial value of the function from description of the relationship of two values (x,y) including reading a table or graph.

8.F.4.b □ I can find the rate of change and initial value of a linear function in terms of the situation it models and in terms of its graph or a table of values.

8.F.5.b □ I can match the graph of a function to a given situation.

8.F.5.b □ I can sketch a graph that exhibits the qualitative features of a function that has been described verbally.



# Geometry

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

**I can understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or geometry software.**

8.G. 1. a □ I can verify by measuring and comparing the properties of rotated, reflected, or translated geometric figures.

8.G. a 1. a □ I can verify that corresponding lines and line segments remain the same length.

8.G. a. 1. b □ I can verify that corresponding angles have the same measure.

8.G. a. 1. c □ I can verify that corresponding parallel lines remain parallel.

8.G. a. 2 □ I can explain that a two-dimensional figure is congruent to another if the second figure can be made from the first by rotations, reflections, and translations.

8.G. a. 2 □ I can describe a sequence of transformations that shows the congruence between two figures.

8.G. a. 3 □ I can describe the changes to the x and y coordinates of a figure after either dilation, translation, rotation, or reflection.

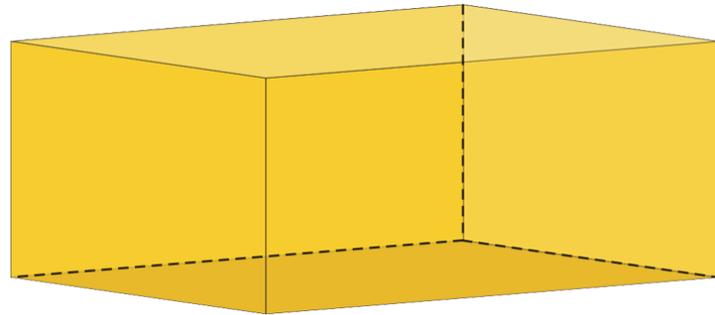
8.G. a. 4 □ I can explain how transformation can be used to prove that two figures are similar.

8.G. a. 4 □ I can describe a sequence of transformations that either prove or disprove that two figures are similar.

8.G. a. 5 □ I can informally prove that the sum of any triangle's interior angles will be the same measure as a straight angle (180 degrees).

8.G. a. 5 □ I can informally prove that the sum of any polygon's exterior angles will be 360 degrees.

8.G. a. 5 □ I can estimate the relationships and measurements of the angles created when two parallel lines are cut by a transversal.



# Geometry

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

## I can understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.

8.G. 6. b □ I can use the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a given triangle is a right triangle.

8.G. 6. b □ I can use algebraic reasoning to relate a visual model to the Pythagorean Theorem.

8.G. 7. b □ I can draw a diagram and use the Pythagorean Theorem to solve real world problems involving right triangles.

8.G. 7. b □ I can draw a diagram to find right triangles in a three-dimensional figure and use the Pythagorean Theorem to calculate various dimensions.

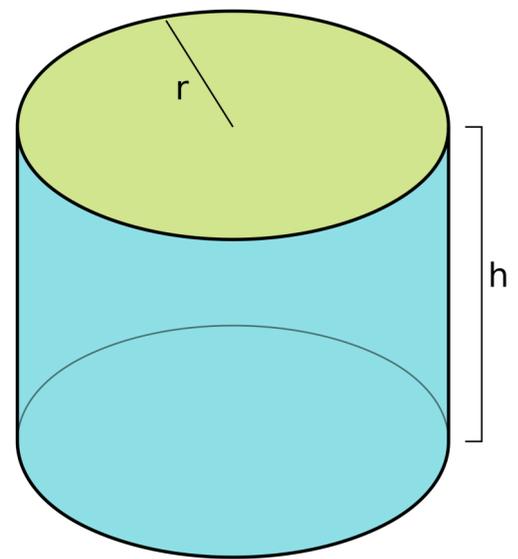
8.G. 7. b □ I can apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find an unknown side length of a right triangle.

8.G. 8. b □ I can apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find the distance between two points in a coordinate system.

## I can use my knowledge of different volumes of shapes to solve real-world problems.

8.G. 9. c □ I can state and apply the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres.

8.G. 9. c □ I can solve real world problems involving the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres.



# Statistics & Probability

8th Grade—"I Can Do Math"

**I can investigate patterns of association in bivariate data.**

8.SP. 1. a  I can plot ordered pairs on a coordinate grid representing the relationship between two data sets.

8.SP. 1. a  I can describe patterns such as clustering, outliers, positive or negative association, linear association, and nonlinear association.

8.SP. 2. a  I can recognize if the data plotted on a scatter plot has a linear association.

8.SP. 2. a  I can draw a straight line to approximate the linear relationship between the plotted points of two data sets.

8.SP. 3. a  I can determine the equation of a trend line that approximates the linear relationships between the plotted points of two data sets.

8.SP. 3. a  I can interpret the y intercept and slope of an equation based on collected data.

8.SP. 3. a  I can use the equation of a trend line to summarize the given data and make predictions about additional data points.

8.SP. 4. a  I can create and explain a two-way table to record the frequencies of bivariate categorical values.

8.SP. 4. a  I can determine the relative frequencies for rows and/or columns on a two-way table.

8.SP. 4. a  I can use relative frequencies and the context of a problem to describe possible associations between two sets of data.

